#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **HOUSE BILL NO. 940**

### 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BURNETT.

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 211.134, 211.181, 211.241, 488.012, 488.027, 488.031, 488.2253, 488.2300, 488.5026, and 595.045, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to the elimination of fines and fees in juvenile court, with a delayed effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 211.134, 211.181, 211.241, 488.012, 488.027, 488.031,

- 2 488.2253, 488.2300, 488.5026, and 595.045, RSMo, are repealed and ten new sections
- 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 211.134, 211.181, 211.241, 488.012, 488.027,
- 4 488.031, 488.2253, 488.2300, 488.5026, and 595.045, to read as follows:
- 211.134. 1. The court may require a parent or guardian of a child to participate in any activity the court finds is necessary to carry out the purposes of the juvenile code as stated in
- 3 section 211.011, including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Requiring the parent or guardian to attend counseling sessions; and
  - (2) Requiring the parent or guardian to participate in any institutional treatment program, including attendance at the institution where the child resides.
- The court [may] shall not order the parent or guardian to support the child committed for institutionalization by paying the reasonable costs of support, maintenance and treatment of the child [that the parent is financially able to pay].
  - 211.181. 1. When a child is found by the court to come within the applicable
- 2 provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and
- 3 make a finding of fact upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child, and the court
- 4 may, by order duly entered, proceed as follows:

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

1) Place the child under supervision in his or her own home or in the custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require;

- (2) Commit the child to the custody of:
- (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or to place them in family homes; except that, such child may not be committed to the department of social services, division of youth services;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive the child in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
  - (d) The juvenile officer;
  - (3) Place the child in a family home;
- (4) Cause the child to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child requires it, cause the child to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state;
- (5) The court may order, pursuant to subsection 2 of section 211.081, that the child receive the necessary services in the least restrictive appropriate environment including home and community-based services, treatment and support, based on a coordinated, individualized treatment plan. The individualized treatment plan shall be approved by the court and developed by the applicable state agencies responsible for providing or paying for any and all appropriate and necessary services, subject to appropriation, and shall include which agencies are going to pay for and provide such services. Such plan must be submitted to the court within thirty days and the child's family shall actively participate in designing the service plan for the child;
- (6) The department of social services, in conjunction with the department of mental health, shall apply to the United States Department of Health and Human Services for such federal waivers as required to provide services for such children, including the acquisition of community-based services waivers.
- 2. When a child is found by the court to come within the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and upon making a finding of fact

41 upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child, the court may, by order duly entered, 42 proceed as follows:

- (1) Place the child under supervision in his or her own home or in custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require;
  - (2) Commit the child to the custody of:
- (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or place them in family homes; except that, a child may be committed to the department of social services, division of youth services, only if he or she is presently under the court's supervision after an adjudication under the provisions of subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive it in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
  - (d) The juvenile officer;
  - (3) Place the child in a family home;
- (4) Cause the child to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child requires it, cause the child to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state[;
- (5) Assess an amount of up to ten dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court].

Execution of any order entered by the court pursuant to this subsection, including a commitment to any state agency, may be suspended and the child placed on probation subject to such conditions as the court deems reasonable. After a hearing, probation may be revoked and the suspended order executed.

- 3. When a child is found by the court to come within the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and make a finding of fact upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child, and the court may, by order duly entered, proceed as follows:
- (1) Place the child under supervision in his or her own home or in custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by

78 the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require; provided that, no child who has been adjudicated a delinquent by a juvenile court for committing or attempting to commit a sex-related offense which if committed by an adult would be 81 82 considered a felony offense pursuant to chapter 566, including but not limited to rape, forcible sodomy, child molestation, and sexual abuse, and in which the victim was a child, shall be 83 placed in any residence within one thousand feet of the residence of the abused child of that offense until the abused child reaches the age of eighteen, and provided further that the 85 provisions of this subdivision regarding placement within one thousand feet of the abused 86 child shall not apply when the abusing child and the abused child are siblings or children 87 88 living in the same home;

- (2) Commit the child to the custody of:
- (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive it in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
  - (d) The juvenile officer;

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- (3) Beginning January 1, 1996, the court may make further directions as to placement with the division of youth services concerning the child's length of stay. The length of stay order may set forth a minimum review date;
  - (4) Place the child in a family home;
- (5) Cause the child to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child requires it, cause the child to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state;
- (6) Suspend or revoke a state or local license or authority of a child to operate a motor vehicle;
- 110 (7) Order the child to make restitution or reparation for the damage or loss caused by 111 his or her offense. In determining the amount or extent of the damage, the court may order 112 the juvenile officer to prepare a report and may receive other evidence necessary for such 113 determination. The child and his or her attorney shall have access to any reports which may 114 be prepared, and shall have the right to present evidence at any hearing held to ascertain the

amount of damages. Any restitution or reparation ordered shall be reasonable in view of the child's ability to make payment or to perform the reparation. The court may require the clerk of the circuit court to act as receiving and disbursing agent for any payment ordered;

- (8) Order the child to a term of community service under the supervision of the court or of an organization selected by the court. Every person, organization, and agency, and each employee thereof, charged with the supervision of a child under this subdivision, or who benefits from any services performed as a result of an order issued under this subdivision, shall be immune from any suit by the child ordered to perform services under this subdivision, or any person deriving a cause of action from such child, if such cause of action arises from the supervision of the child's performance of services under this subdivision and if such cause of action does not arise from an intentional tort. A child ordered to perform services under this subdivision shall not be deemed an employee within the meaning of the provisions of chapter 287, nor shall the services of such child be deemed employment within the meaning of the provisions of chapter 288. Execution of any order entered by the court, including a commitment to any state agency, may be suspended and the child placed on probation subject to such conditions as the court deems reasonable. After a hearing, probation may be revoked and the suspended order executed[;
- (9) When a child has been adjudicated to have violated a municipal ordinance or to have committed an act that would be a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, assess an amount of up to twenty five dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court; when a child has been adjudicated to have committed an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, assess an amount of up to fifty dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court].
- 4. Beginning January 1, 1996, the court may set forth in the order of commitment the minimum period during which the child shall remain in the custody of the division of youth services. No court order shall require a child to remain in the custody of the division of youth services for a period which exceeds the child's nineteenth birth date except upon petition filed by the division of youth services pursuant to subsection 1 of section 219.021. In any order of commitment of a child to the custody of the division of youth services, the division shall determine the appropriate program or placement pursuant to subsection 3 of section 219.021. Beginning January 1, 1996, the department shall not discharge a child from the custody of the division of youth services before the child completes the length of stay determined by the court in the commitment order unless the committing court orders otherwise. The director of the division of youth services may at any time petition the court for a review of a child's length of stay commitment order, and the court may, upon a showing of good cause, order the early discharge of the child from the custody of the division of youth services. The division may discharge the child from the division of youth services without a further court order after

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the child completes the length of stay determined by the court or may retain the child for any 152 period after the completion of the length of stay in accordance with the law. 153

- 5. [When an assessment has been imposed under the provisions of subsection 2 or 3 of this section, the assessment shall be paid to the clerk of the court in the circuit where the assessment is imposed by court order, to be deposited in a fund established for the sole purpose of payment of judgments entered against children in accordance with section 211.185.] No assessment shall be imposed on a child, or the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian for the actions of the child, under the provisions of this section.
- 211.241. 1. When the juvenile court finds a child to be within the purview of 2 applicable provisions of section 211.031 it may in the same or subsequent proceedings, either on its own motion or upon the application of any person, institution or agency having the custody of such child, proceed to inquire into the ability of the parent of the child to support it or to contribute to its support. If the parent does not voluntarily appear for the proceeding, he shall be summoned in the same manner as in civil cases and the summons in the case may issue to any county of the state.
  - 2. If the court finds that the parent is able to support the child or to contribute to its support], the court [may] shall not enter an order requiring the parent to [support the child or] pay an institution or agency having custody of the child, to contribute to [its] the support [and] of the child, or to pay the costs of collecting the judgment.
  - [3.] 2. The court may enforce the order by execution and the execution may issue on request of the juvenile officer or any person, agency or institution which has been awarded custody of the child. No deposit or bond for costs shall be required as a condition for the issuance or service of the execution. No property is exempt from execution upon a judgment or decree made under this section, and all wages or other sums due the parent is subject to garnishment or execution in any proceedings under this section.
  - [4:] 3. Otherwise the necessary support of the child shall, unless the court commits the child to a person or institution willing to receive it without charge, be paid out of the funds of the county but only upon approval of the judge of the juvenile court.
  - 488.012. 1. Beginning July 1, 1997, the clerk of each court of this state responsible for collecting court costs shall collect the court costs authorized by statute, in such amounts as are authorized by supreme court rule adopted pursuant to sections 488.010 to 488.020. Court costs due and payable prior to July 1, 1997, shall not be affected by the adoption of this rule.
- No court costs shall be charged to a minor or to the minor's parent, guardian, or legal 5 custodian for the actions of the minor.
  - 2. The supreme court shall set the amount of court costs authorized by statute, at levels to produce revenue which shall not substantially exceed the total of the proportion of the costs associated with administration of the judicial system defrayed by fees,

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miscellaneous charges and surcharges. This subsection and subsection 3 of this section shall not apply to minors under eighteen years of age.

- 3. Prior to adjustment by the supreme court, the following fees, costs and charges shall be collected:
  - (1) Five dollars for the filing of a lien, pursuant to section 429.090;
- 15 (2) Ten dollars for maintaining child support enforcement records, pursuant to section 16 452.345;
- 17 (3) Ten dollars for a notice to a judgment creditor of a distributee, pursuant to section 18 473.618;
  - (4) Three dollars for receiving and keeping a will, pursuant to section 474.510;
- 20 (5) Seven dollars for the statewide court automation fund, pursuant to section 21 488.027;
- 22 (6) Twelve dollars for municipal court costs, fifteen dollars for municipal ordinance 23 violations filed before an associate circuit judge and thirty dollars for applications for a trial 24 de novo of a municipal ordinance violation, pursuant to section 479.260;
- 25 (7) Five dollars for small claims court cases where less than one hundred dollars is in 26 dispute, and ten dollars in all other small claims court cases, pursuant to section 482.345;
  - (8) Fifty dollars for appeals, pursuant to section 483.500;
- 28 (9) Fifteen dollars in misdemeanor cases where there is no application for trial de 29 novo, pursuant to section 483.530;
- 30 (10) Forty-five dollars for applications for a trial de novo for misdemeanor cases, 31 pursuant to section 483.530;
- 32 (11) Fifteen dollars for each preliminary hearing in felony cases, pursuant to section 33 483.530;
  - (12) Thirty dollars for each information or indictment filed in felony cases, pursuant to section 483.530;
- 36 (13) Fifteen dollars for each associate circuit court case filed, and one dollar for each additional summons issued in such cases, pursuant to section 483.530;
- 38 (14) Forty-five dollars for applications for trial de novo from small claims court and associate circuit court and forty-five dollars for filing of other cases, pursuant to section 40 483.530;
- 41 (15) One dollar and fifty cents for a certificate of naturalization, pursuant to section 42 483.535;
- 43 (16) When letters are applied for in probate proceedings, pursuant to section 483.580, when the value of the estate is:
  - (a) Less than \$10,000 \$ 75.00
- 46 (b) From \$10,000 to \$25,000 115.00

- 47 (c) From \$25,000 to \$50,000 155.00
- 48 (d) From \$50,000 to \$100,000 245.00
- 49 (e) From \$100,000 to \$500,000 305.00
- 50 (f) More than \$500,000 365.00;

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- 51 (17) Thirty dollars for each additional twelve months a decedent's estate remains 52 open, pursuant to section 483.580;
- 53 (18) In proceedings regarding guardianships and conservatorships, pursuant to section 483.580:
  - (a) Twenty-five dollars for each grant of letters for guardianship of a minor;
  - (b) Fifty dollars for each grant of letters for guardianship of an incapacitated person;
- 57 (c) Sixty dollars for each grant of letters for guardianship of the person and 58 conservatorship of the estate of a minor;
  - (d) Twenty-five dollars for each additional twelve months a conservatorship of a minor's estate case remains open;
  - (e) Seventy-five dollars for each grant of letters in guardianship and conservatorship of incapacitated persons and their estates;
- 63 (f) Thirty dollars for each additional twelve months an incapacitated person's case 64 remains open;
  - (19) Fifteen dollars for issuing orders refusing to grant letters to a spouse or an unmarried minor child and thirty dollars for a certified copy of such orders, pursuant to section 483.580;
    - (20) In probate proceedings, pursuant to section 483.580:
    - (a) Thirty-five dollars for the collection of small estates;
    - (b) Thirty-five dollars for involuntary hospitalization proceedings;
- 71 (c) Thirty dollars for proceedings to determine heirship;
- 72 (d) Fifteen dollars for assessment of estate taxes where no letters are granted;
- 73 (e) Fifty dollars for proceedings for the sale of real estate by a nonresident 74 conservator;
  - (f) Forty dollars for proceedings to dispense with administration;
  - (g) Twenty dollars for proceedings to dispense with conservatorship;
  - (h) Twenty-five dollars for admitting a will to probate;
  - (i) One dollar per copied page and one dollar and fifty cents per certificate;
- 79 (21) One dollar and fifty cents per page for testimony transcription, pursuant to 80 section 488.2250;
  - (22) Fifteen dollars for court reporters, pursuant to section 488.2253;
- 82 (23) Three dollars for witness fees per day, and four dollars when the witness must 83 travel to another county, pursuant to section 491.280.

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488.027. 1. In addition to all other court costs provided by law, in all civil cases filed in the circuit courts of this state and in all criminal cases including violations of any municipal or county ordinance heard by an associate circuit judge or any violation of criminal or traffic laws of this state, including an infraction, a fee in an amount determined pursuant to sections 488.015 to 488.020 shall be assessed as costs, except that [3]:

- (1) No such fee shall be collected in any proceeding involving a violation of an ordinance or state law when a criminal proceeding or defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are waived or are to be paid by the state, county or municipality; and
  - (2) No fee shall be collected from:
  - (a) A minor in any proceeding against the minor; or
  - (b) A minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian for the actions of the minor.
- 2. The moneys collected by clerks of the courts pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be collected and disbursed as provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020. All such moneys shall be payable to the director of revenue, who shall deposit all amounts collected pursuant to this section to the credit of the statewide court automation fund which is established in section 476.055.
- 3. The assessment of court costs authorized by this section shall apply to all cases filed on or after September 1, 1994.
  - 488.031. 1. In addition to other fees authorized by law, the clerk of each court shall collect the following fees on the filing of any civil or criminal action or proceeding, including an appeal, except that no fee shall be imposed pursuant to this section on any case that is filed charging traffic violations except alcohol-related offenses:

5 Supreme court and court of appeals \$20.00;
6 Circuit division \$10.00;
7 Associate circuit courts \$8.00; and
8 Small claims courts No additional fee

- 2. Court filing surcharges pursuant to this section shall be collected in the same manner as other fees, fines, or costs in the case. The amounts so collected shall be paid by the clerk to the office of the state courts administrator and credited to the special fund designated as the basic civil legal services fund. However, the additional fees prescribed by this section shall not be collected when a criminal proceeding or defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are waived or are to be paid by the state, county, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state. The additional fees prescribed by this section shall not be collected from a minor in any proceeding against the minor or from the minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian for the actions of the minor.
- 488.2253. In every contested case, or case in which the evidence is to be preserved, except for the collection of delinquent or back taxes, before any circuit judge when an official

court reporter is appointed, the clerk of said court shall tax up the sum of fifteen dollars, to be collected as other costs, and paid by said clerk to the director of revenue of the state. The fee prescribed by this section shall not be collected from a minor in any proceeding against the minor or from a minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian for the actions of the minor.

488.2300. 1. A "Family Services and Justice Fund" is hereby established in each county or circuit with a family court, for the purpose of aiding with the operation of the family court divisions and services provided by those divisions. In circuits or counties having a family court, the circuit clerk shall charge and collect a surcharge of thirty dollars in all proceedings falling within the jurisdiction of the family court. The surcharge shall not be charged when no court costs are otherwise required, shall not be charged against the petitioner for actions filed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 455, but may be charged to the respondent in such actions, shall not be charged to a government agency and shall not be charged in any proceeding when costs are waived or are to be paid by the state, county or municipality.

- 2. [In juvenile proceedings under chapter 211, a judgment of up to thirty dollars may be assessed against the child, parent or custodian of the child, in addition to other amounts authorized by law, in informal adjustments made under the provisions of sections 211.081 and 211.083, and in an order of disposition or treatment under the provisions of section 211.181. The judgment may be ordered paid to the clerk of the circuit where the assessment is imposed.
- 3.] All sums collected pursuant to this section and section 487.140 shall be payable to the various county family services and justice funds.
  - [4-] 3. Any moneys in the family services and justice fund not expended for salaries of commissioners, family court administrators and family court staff shall be used toward funding the enhanced services provided as a result of the establishment of a family court; however, it shall not replace or reduce the current and ongoing responsibilities of the counties to provide funding for the courts as required by law. Moneys collected for the family services and justice fund shall be expended for the benefit of litigants and recipients of services in the family court, with priority given to services such as guardians ad litem, mediation, counseling, home studies, psychological evaluation and other forms of alternative dispute-resolution services. Expenditures shall be made at the discretion of the presiding judge or family court administrative judge, as designated by the circuit and associate circuit judges en banc, for the implementation of the family court system as set forth in this section. No moneys from the family services and justice fund may be used to pay for mediation in any cause of action in which domestic violence is alleged.

[5.] 4. From the funds collected pursuant to this section and retained in the family services and justice fund, each circuit or county in which a family court commissioner in addition to those commissioners existing as juvenile court commissioners on August 28, 1993, have been appointed pursuant to sections 487.020 to 487.040 shall pay to and reimburse the state for the actual costs of that portion of the salaries of family court commissioners appointed pursuant to the provisions of sections 487.020 to 487.040.

[6.] 5. No moneys deposited in the family services and justice fund may be expended for capital improvements.

488.5026. 1. Upon approval of the governing body of a city, county, or a city not within a county, a surcharge of two dollars shall be assessed as costs in each court proceeding filed in any court in any city, county, or city not within a county adopting such a surcharge, in all criminal cases including violations of any county ordinance or any violation of criminal or traffic laws of the state, including an infraction and violation of a municipal ordinance; except that no such fee shall be collected in any proceeding in any court when the proceeding or the defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are to be paid by the state, county, or municipality. [A surcharge of two dollars shall be assessed as costs in a juvenile court proceeding in which a child is found by the court to come within the applicable provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031.] The fee prescribed by this section shall not be collected from a minor in any proceeding against the minor or from a minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian for the actions of the minor.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the moneys collected by clerks of the courts pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall be collected and disbursed in accordance with sections 488.010 to 488.020, and shall be payable to the treasurer of the governmental unit authorizing such surcharge.
- 3. The treasurer shall deposit funds generated by the surcharge into the "Inmate Prisoner Detainee Security Fund". Funds deposited shall be utilized to acquire and develop biometric verification systems and information sharing to ensure that inmates, prisoners, or detainees in a holding cell facility or other detention facility or area which hold persons detained only for a shorter period of time after arrest or after being formally charged can be properly identified upon booking and tracked within the local law enforcement administration system, criminal justice administration system, or the local jail system. The funds deposited in the inmate prisoner detainee security fund shall be used only to supplement the sheriff's funding received from other county, state, or federal funds. The county commission shall not reduce any sheriff's budget as a result of any funds received within the inmate prisoner detainee security fund. Upon the installation of the information sharing or biometric verification system, funds in the inmate prisoner detainee security fund may also be used for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the information sharing or biometric verification

system, and also to pay for any expenses related to detention, custody, and housing and other expenses for inmates, prisoners, and detainees.

- 595.045. 1. There is established in the state treasury the "Crime Victims' Compensation Fund". A surcharge of seven dollars and fifty cents shall be assessed as costs in each court proceeding filed in any court in the state in all criminal cases including violations of any county ordinance or any violation of criminal or traffic laws of the state, including an infraction and violation of a municipal ordinance; except that no such fee shall be collected in any proceeding in any court when the proceeding or the defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are to be paid by the state, county, or municipality. [A surcharge of seven dollars and fifty cents shall be assessed as costs in a juvenile court proceeding in which a child is found by the court to come within the applicable provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031.]
  - 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the moneys collected by clerks of the courts pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall be collected and disbursed in accordance with sections 488.010 to 488.020 and shall be payable to the director of the department of revenue.
  - 3. The director of revenue shall deposit annually the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the state forensic laboratory account administered by the department of public safety to provide financial assistance to defray expenses of crime laboratories if such analytical laboratories are registered with the federal Drug Enforcement Agency or the Missouri department of health and senior services. Subject to appropriations made therefor, such funds shall be distributed by the department of public safety to the crime laboratories serving the courts of this state making analysis of a controlled substance or analysis of blood, breath or urine in relation to a court proceeding.
  - 4. The remaining funds collected under subsection 1 of this section shall be denoted to the payment of an annual appropriation for the administrative and operational costs of the office for victims of crime and, if a statewide automated crime victim notification system is established pursuant to section 650.310, to the monthly payment of expenditures actually incurred in the operation of such system. Additional remaining funds shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (1) On the first of every month, the director of revenue or the director's designee shall determine the balance of the funds in the crime victims' compensation fund available to satisfy the amount of compensation payable pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075, excluding sections 595.050 and 595.055;
  - (2) Beginning on September 1, 2004, and on the first of each month, the director of revenue or the director's designee shall deposit fifty percent of the balance of funds available

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35 to the credit of the crime victims' compensation fund and fifty percent to the services to 36 victims' fund established in section 595.100.

- 5. The director of revenue or such director's designee shall at least monthly report the moneys paid pursuant to this section into the crime victims' compensation fund and the services to victims fund to the department of public safety.
- 6. The moneys collected by clerks of municipal courts pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall be collected and disbursed as provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020. Five percent of such moneys shall be payable to the city treasury of the city from which such funds were collected. The remaining ninety-five percent of such moneys shall be payable to the director of revenue. The funds received by the director of revenue pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) On the first of every month, the director of revenue or the director's designee shall determine the balance of the funds in the crime victims' compensation fund available to satisfy the amount of compensation payable pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075, excluding sections 595.050 and 595.055;
- (2) Beginning on September 1, 2004, and on the first of each month the director of revenue or the director's designee shall deposit fifty percent of the balance of funds available to the credit of the crime victims' compensation fund and fifty percent to the services to victims' fund established in section 595.100.
- 7. These funds shall be subject to a biennial audit by the Missouri state auditor. Such audit shall include all records associated with crime victims' compensation funds collected, held or disbursed by any state agency.
- 8. In addition to the moneys collected pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, the 58 court shall enter a judgment in favor of the state of Missouri, payable to the crime victims' compensation fund, of sixty-eight dollars upon a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt for a class A or B felony; forty-six dollars upon a plea of guilty or finding of guilt for a class C or D 60 felony; and ten dollars upon a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt for any misdemeanor under 62 Missouri law except for those in chapter 252 relating to fish and game, chapter 302 relating to drivers' and commercial drivers' license, chapter 303 relating to motor vehicle financial responsibility, chapter 304 relating to traffic regulations, chapter 306 relating to watercraft 65 regulation and licensing, and chapter 307 relating to vehicle equipment regulations. Any 66 clerk of the court receiving moneys pursuant to such judgments shall collect and disburse 67 such crime victims' compensation judgments in the manner provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020. Such funds shall be payable to the state treasury and deposited to the credit of the crime victims' compensation fund.
  - The clerk of the court processing such funds shall maintain records of all dispositions described in subsection 1 of this section and all dispositions where a judgment

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has been entered against a defendant in favor of the state of Missouri in accordance with this section; all payments made on judgments for alcohol-related traffic offenses; and any judgment or portion of a judgment entered but not collected. These records shall be subject to audit by the state auditor. The clerk of each court transmitting such funds shall report separately the amount of dollars collected on judgments entered for alcohol-related traffic offenses from other crime victims' compensation collections or services to victims collections.

- 10. The department of revenue shall maintain records of funds transmitted to the crime victims' compensation fund by each reporting court and collections pursuant to subsection 16 of this section and shall maintain separate records of collection for alcohol-related offenses.
- 11. The state courts administrator shall include in the annual report required by section 476.350 the circuit court caseloads and the number of crime victims' compensation judgments entered.
- 12. All awards made to injured victims under sections 595.010 to 595.105 and all appropriations for administration of sections 595.010 to 595.105, except sections 595.050 and 595.055, shall be made from the crime victims' compensation fund. Any unexpended balance remaining in the crime victims' compensation fund at the end of each biennium shall not be subject to the provision of section 33.080 requiring the transfer of such unexpended balance to the ordinary revenue fund of the state, but shall remain in the crime victims' compensation fund. In the event that there are insufficient funds in the crime victims' compensation fund to pay all claims in full, all claims shall be paid on a pro rata basis. If there are no funds in the crime victims' compensation fund, then no claim shall be paid until funds have again accumulated in the crime victims' compensation fund. When sufficient funds become available from the fund, awards which have not been paid shall be paid in chronological order with the oldest paid first. In the event an award was to be paid in installments and some remaining installments have not been paid due to a lack of funds, then when funds do become available that award shall be paid in full. All such awards on which installments remain due shall be paid in full in chronological order before any other postdated award shall be paid. Any award pursuant to this subsection is specifically not a claim against the state, if it cannot be paid due to a lack of funds in the crime victims' compensation fund.
- 13. When judgment is entered against a defendant as provided in this section and such sum, or any part thereof, remains unpaid, there shall be withheld from any disbursement, payment, benefit, compensation, salary, or other transfer of money from the state of Missouri to such defendant an amount equal to the unpaid amount of such judgment. Such amount shall be paid forthwith to the crime victims' compensation fund and satisfaction of such judgment shall be entered on the court record. Under no circumstances shall the general

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revenue fund be used to reimburse court costs or pay for such judgment. The director of the department of corrections shall have the authority to pay into the crime victims' compensation fund from an offender's compensation or account the amount owed by the offender to the crime victims' compensation fund, provided that the offender has failed to pay the amount owed to the fund prior to entering a correctional facility of the department of corrections.

- 14. All interest earned as a result of investing funds in the crime victims' compensation fund shall be paid into the crime victims' compensation fund and not into the general revenue of this state.
- 15. Any person who knowingly makes a fraudulent claim or false statement in connection with any claim hereunder is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 16. The department may receive gifts and contributions for the benefit of crime victims. Such gifts and contributions shall be credited to the crime victims' compensation fund as used solely for compensating victims under the provisions of sections 595.010 to 595.075.

Section B. The repeal and reenactment of sections 211.134, 211.181, 211.241, 2 488.012, 488.027, 488.031, 488.2253, 488.2300, 488.5026, and 595.045 of this act shall 3 become effective on July 1, 2024.