Improving
Student-Centered
Safety by
Removing SROs
from our Schools

Please find draft script in note section below



I. How Are SROs Harmful?

Effects of Police Presence

- SRO presence generally leads to student alienation and a more threatening school environment.
- There is no conclusive evidence that police presence in school buildings reduces crime among students.
- SROs are more likely to treat young individuals like potential criminals, instead of students.
- For many students, having police officers in school creates trauma in an environment that should be safe and nurturing.

Disproportional Treatment

- In schools where 75% or more of the student population identified as Black, 54% had one or more SROs present, contrasted against just 33% of schools where students identified as all White.
- Black students make up 15% of the nationwide K-12 student population but constitute 31% of all referrals to law enforcement and 36% of all school-based arrests.
- Black students are more likely to be targeted and to receive frequent, harsh treatment.

Disproportional Treatment

Cedar Rapids:

- Black students are 6 times more likely than White students to have a complaint filed against them.
- Black students were arrested at higher rates than White students.

Des Moines:

 Between 2021–2022, Black youth comprised 59.2% of all Des Moines public schools' complaints, but made up only 20.8% of the enrolled student population

Disproportional Treatment

- Students with disabilities have different needs that SROs are often not trained to addressed.
- Students with disabilities are often restrained and secluded by SROs.
- Many students with disabilities are disciplined "because they are not receiving the support, services, interventions, strategies, and modifications to school or district policies that they need."
- The U.S. Department of Education suggests that schools re-examine their policies and procedures to avoid disability discrimination.

Mental Health

- Students feel as though SROs do not protect they punish.
- SROs inevitably escalate situations.
- SROs have the power to arrest, while school staff does not.
- If an SRO is involved, it only increases the chances of a student getting suspended, expelled, or arrested.
- Encounters with SROs can impact entire families.

School-to-Prison Pipeline

- Students who have encounters with police are more likely to later go to prison as adults.
- Around SROs, childish behavior is considered a crime.
- Iowa data shows that of the 1,027 youth that were direct filed to adult court, 84% had a prior juvenile court complaint before entering the adult court system.
- About 80% of youth in the adult court system are male and about 34% are Black.

SROs are Ineffective

- SRO presence tends to be correlated
 with more casualties in mass shootings, not fewer.
- SROs do not deter violence.
- Uvalde, Texas
 - 376 law enforcement officers at the scene
 - Over 75 minutes before an officer acted

SROs are Expensive

You may be able to find the cost of placing SROs at your school by examining your school district's memorandum of understanding with the local police department

II. What Can We Do Instead?

Restorative Justice

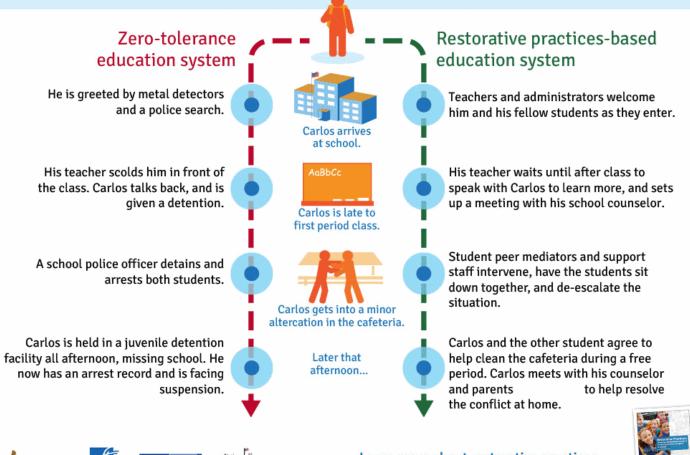
- Restorative justice is a process whereby all the parties with a stake in a particular offence come together to resolve collectively how to deal with the aftermath of the offence and its implications for the future.
- Key is COMMUNICATION and BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS
- Benefits include developing work and social skills; minimizing disruptions and distractions; improving relationships; and helping students succeed.

Restorative Justice in Practice

A Tale of Two Schools

Carlos had a heated argument with his parents before leaving for school, so he's running late.

Let's see the difference that restorative policies and practices can make.











Learn more about restorative practices: www.otlcampaign.org/restorative-practices

Restorative Practice-Based Education Systems

- Restorative practice-based education systems provide students with the opportunity to walk through what they did and restore relationships.
- This framework is used to create safe, supportive spaces where the inherent worth and potential of each student is recognized.
- Implementing restorative practices leads to decreases in major disciplinary issues; reductions in the number of absences, suspensions, and expulsions; and improvements in overall school climate.

Counselors & Mental Health Professionals

- Counselors can be essential for students to navigate the various feelings they have.
- Schools with mental health professionals see improved attendance rates, higher academic achievement, and higher graduations rates, along with lower rates of suspension, expulsion, and other disciplinary incidents.
- The recommended student-to-counselor ratio is 1 school mental health professional per 250 students.
 - In Iowa, the school-to-counselor ratio is 1 school mental health professional to every 378 students.
- Unlike SROs, school mental health professionals are trained to work with students.

Fostering a Positive Environment

Engage Parents

- Students with parents involved in their education are more likely to have better social skills, show improved behavior, and adapt well to school.
- Promote Peer-to-Peer Interactions
 - Positive peer relationships will help students to feel included and valued as a student at their school and in their classroom.
- Celebrate Growth & Good Behavior
 - Interventions where school staff use challenging moments as a teaching tool for students and reinforce positive behaviors to replace negative behaviors is most effective.
- Build Meaningful Relationships
 - Meaningful relationships between school staff and students will help students feel like they belong and are cared for.

III. Has This Worked Before?

Ames Community School District

- Students came forward at school board meetings to discuss racism they have experienced from SROs.
- ACSD even has their own data on SRO incidents within their district, which shows disproportionate numbers of interactions with Black or African American students.
- School board voted unanimously to cut ties with the Ames Police Department, which saved the district and city \$241,512 per year.
- ACSD has added an additional Assistant Principal to the high school and have reinstated unarmed campus monitors in the secondary schools in the district.

Orchard Gardens

- Orchard Gardens was one of the lowest ranking schools in Massachusetts.
- The school had several restrictive practices, including prohibiting students from carrying backpacks and zero-tolerance policies.
- When Principal Andrew Bott was hired, he removed the SROs and used the funds to hire additional teachers and implement a curriculum that centered around the arts.
- Within four years, Orchard Gardens saw a spike in student improvement rates and became ranked as one of Boston's top public schools.

Intermediate District 287

- School officials removed SROs after noticing that students of color with mental health challenges were frequently being removed from class and arrested, instead hiring school safety coaches.
- School safety coaches build relationships with students and advocate for them when they engage in challenging behavior rather than punishing them.
- School safety coaches focus on proactive measures rather than reactive.

Minneapolis Public Schools

- Following the murder of George Floyd, the Minneapolis School Board voted to end its contract with the Minneapolis Police Department.
- The schools instead hired unarmed public safety support specialists.
- With SROs
 - Nearly 250 student incidents that involved law enforcement
 - 13,000 disciplinary actions
- Without SROs and with public safety support specialists
 - Ony 13 student incidents that involved law enforcement in first half of year
 - 1,900 disciplinary actions in first half of year